#### **Koch Industries**

# A mini-profile of innovation management in this large, privately- held company

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Koch Industries has come to our attention by way of an article in The Economist – June 7<sup>th</sup>, 2014, 'Dissecting the Kochtopus'.

Koch has over 100,000 employees, is global, with an estimated turnover of \$115 billion, and happens to have a set of policies and management practices which are remarkably in line with the results of CIO's research into highly innovative companies.

## Koch's practices align with CIO's best for sixteen out of nineteen 'Factors'.

Koch has managed to maintain its entrepreneurial nature despite its bigness. Are there some lessons to be learned? We pursue this common ground in this paper.

Koch's policies and management practices are closely in line with the results of our research into highly innovative companies, but the difference is that Koch is privately held and most of our research has been done on publicly held companies. There are differences to note!

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#### Appendix A:

Koch Guiding Principles Explained

For those who think that meeting quarterly results for public companies is not a problem, read on. Clearly Koch believes in the advantages of being privately held. So does Michael Dell! Are other companies to follow?

# **Brief background on Koch Industries**

Koch Industries, Inc. is a privately held conglomerate<sup>1</sup>, founded in 1940 by Fred C. Koch with its head office located in Wichita, Kansas. The company is into asphalt, chemicals, commodities trading, energy, fibers, fertilizers, finance, minerals, natural gas, plastics, petroleum, pulp and paper and ranching. The company<sup>2</sup> is owned 84% by the Koch family and currently has Charles Koch, a son, as Chairman and CEO.

According to David Robertson<sup>3</sup>, President and COO of Koch Industries Inc., ten years ago, Koch Industries had 15,000 employees and just over \$35 billion in annual revenues. Today, it has about 60,000 employees helping generate \$115 billion in revenues. Since 2003, 'we have fueled our growth by investing more than \$50 billion in capital expenditures and acquisitions'. The book value of the company has grown, too – up almost 3,500-fold since 1960.

The Guiding Principles, as set out in Appendix A, are integrity, compliance, value creation, principled entrepreneurship, customer focus, knowledge, change, humility, respect and fulfillment. Charles Koch is the author and source of these principles which have been under development for the last 50 years. The guiding principles are conveyed as a 'holistic approach to management that integrates theory and practice'. MBM (Market-Based Management) — copyrighted — is the 'engine that powers Koch companies.

Sources of information for this Profile.

- Columbia Business School, an investment newsletter from the students at the school from the firm of Graham and Doddsville, fall of 2013.
- Koch Industries Creating Value in Society.
- MBM Perspective; The Importance of Market-Based Management® in Achieving Environmental, Health and Safety Excellence, and Austrian Lessons for a Vibrant Economy
- Frequently Asked Questions The Science of Success How was the Market-Based Management® business philosophy developed?
- An interview given by Dave Robertson, President and COO, Koch Industries, Inc. as of 8/1/2013 on Leadership expectations.

For more information on innovation management, best practices, and an explanation of the online survey, go to; http://www.corporateinnovationonline.com

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Source is Wikipedia.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> www.kochindustriesinc.com/files/kochfacts.pdf

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>3</sup> Interview given as of August 1<sup>st</sup>, 2013.

# Congruence between Koch's and CIO's best policies and management practices for innovation

CIO's interest is primarily the subject of innovation in a corporate setting and, as such, the focus of this paper is on those policies and management practice which relate more directly to innovation management. In reality all of the 'Guiding Principles' impact innovativeness, some more directly than others.

Our research into highly innovative companies confirms that not only is there, most often, a nest or guiding principles which are embedded in the corporate psyche but that these principles are promulgated widely throughout the organization. This is the case with Koch Industries. CIO aims to tease out those policies and management practices which are an extension of the corporate psyche in terms of actual management practices.

Largely based on a research project – interview based - conducted by students from the Columbia Business School and presented in an investment<sup>4</sup> letter published in the fall of 2013, CIO is able to get a good handle on how guiding principles are translated into policies and management practices – which is how implementation takes place.

CIO looks at each of twenty-five Factors<sup>5</sup> which make up the survey instrument which CIO uses to dissect the policies and management practices of highly innovative companies. CIO teases out those statements from several of the above noted sources which relate to each Factor. The congruence among Koch's practices and our research into highly innovative companies is clear.

The twenty-five Factors have been segmented into three headings.

- Leadership
- Organization and management of day-to-day affairs
- Idea generation and realization

Where information is lacking, as it is for several Factors, this has been noted.

Comments which are direct quotes from the company's publically available material are noted in italics and draw on the sources of information noted above. For certain Factors, we have added a comment to provide more clarity around the issue and this is noted in 'bold'.

Registrants' opinions, as entered into the on-line survey, for each Factor are set out for reference purposes.

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<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>4</sup> Graham and Doddsville

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>5</sup> Visit <u>www.corporateinnovationonline.com</u> for further information on Factors and the on-line survey

#### **Leadership Factors**

Koch scores four out of five

CIO first sets out the **Factors which relate to leadership** and note Koch's statements for each Factor. Leadership Factors relate to; management's emphasis on short versus longer-term profits – F#1, extent to which management explicitly looks for innovation – F#2, whether planning emphasizes opportunities and not just cost reduction – F#4, the use of career ladders and recognition of innovators – F#7 and, the tolerance for risk in the planning process – F#9.

Factor	Wash statements/CIO in hald	On-line
<b>Description</b>	Koch statements/CIO in bold	survey results
1. Management's	We are fortunate to be a private company with shareholders who	Emphasis is on
emphasis is on	consistently reinvest 90 percent of the profits back into the	very long term
short-term	company. But, at times, it's harder than you might think to find a	
versus long-term	good home for our capital.	
profit.	We also want our leaders focused on long-term results. They have	
	to be willing to build and be rewarded over time – not just focused	
	on this year's results.	
	We look at our business over the next 20 years. We do not worry	
	too much about short-term data points that might help explain our	
	quarterly earnings.	
<b>Factor</b>		On-line
<b>Description</b>	Koch statements/CIO in bold	survey results
2. Management	"We want leaders focused on employee development, innovation	Explicit
explicitly looks	and business growth."	objectives for
for or has no	MBM encourages innovations that create value by making	innovation.
interest in	people's lives better and contributing to prosperity in society.	
innovation.		
Factor		On-line
	Wash statements/CIO in hald	
<b>Description</b>	Koch statements/CIO in bold	survey results
4. Planning	That's why we push our leaders to find opportunities for	Focus is on
emphasizes	investment and foster the kind of innovation that will help us grow.	identifying
rationing	So we're looking at any and all opportunities and then trying to	opportunities.
resources or	pick the ones that provide the best return on the risk we're taking.	
identifying		
opportunities.		

<b>Factor</b>		<b>On-line</b>
Description	<b>Koch statements/CIO in bold</b>	survey results
7. Corporation	Leaders who promote innovation are doing more than just	Innovators
provides career	growing their company. They are helping create additional	have careers
ladders, powers	opportunities for employees.	and
and titles for	We worked to train employees on its (MBM) principles and drive	recognition.
innovators or	adoption of it throughout the organization. A book was prepared	
not.	to convey the ideas to a wider audience.	

<b>Factor</b>		<b>On-line</b>
Description	<b>Koch statements/CIO in bold</b>	survey results
9. Management's	CIO does not sufficient information to comment on this	Plans have a
tolerance for	Factor.	very high
uncertainty (as		tolerance for
distinct from		risk.
risk) in the		
planning		
process or not.		

#### Organization and management of day-to-day affairs Factors

Koch scores seven out of eight

CIO sets out the **Factors which most relate to the organization and management of day-to-day affairs**; emphasis on management of people and their interactions – F#6, the degree of formal communications in the organization – F#10, use of independent work groups – F#11, whether management decisions are made with input from a broad cross section of employees – F#12, the formality of the decision process – F#13, whether the organization is planning versus action orientation – F#15, whether the organization has an emphasis on decentralization versus centralized hierarchy – F#18, extent of staff versus line involvement in the decision process – F#20.

<b>Factor</b>		On-line
Description	<b>Koch statements/CIO in bold</b>	survey results
6. Leaders	"We want leaders focused on employee development, innovation	Very much
emphasize	and business growth"	emphasize
management of	Leaders must treat all employees with dignity and respect so we	people
people and their	can create an open environment. Each of us must have the	management.
interactions or	humility to invite and accept challenges.	
not.		
Factor		On-line survey
Description	Koch statements/CIO in bold	results
10. Style of	We stress this idea to all of our employees that we're not seeking	Communication
communication	the type of advantage where you win and someone loses. Not	is highly
within the	every business thinks of it this way. We think of this as	formal.
organization.	subsidization or cronyism which distorts markets and is not good	
	for society.	
	What makes us different, if not unique, is that we take the difficult	
	steps to ensure that these principles reach the hearts and minds	
	and change the habits of every employee.	
	Intra-company communications are emphasized by	
	management.	

<b>Factor</b>		<b>On-line</b>
Description	<b>Koch statements/CIO in bold</b>	survey results
11. Management's	We have business development (BD) personnel in all of our	Use of
discourages or	different businesses. So for example, Georgia-Pacific has a BD	independent
encourages use of	Team and Flint Hills has a BD team. Within Steve's group at a	work groups is
independent work	corporate level, we also have a business development team.	greatly
	Those teams' daily activity is to find actionable opportunities	discouraged.
purposes.	that would fit our capabilities. We have well over 100 business	
	development personnel across all the companies.	

<b>Factor</b>		On-line
Description	Koch statements/CIO in bold	survey results
12. Management	Leaders are also expected to solicit challenges. We encourage a	Lots of input is
makes decisions	challenge culture at Koch because it leads to better decisions. It	sought.
with lots of input	also helps all of us learn and develop.	
from the rest of	We can't just dream up or manufacture these opportunities	
the corporation	amongst business development people. They have to have	
or not.	contacts and relationships in the industry to have the	
	opportunities shown to us. So it requires a lot of different	
	interactions to be able to size up, screen, and think about where	
	the opportunities might be. You have to talk to the employees,	
	customers, and suppliers.	

Factor Description	<b>Koch statements/CIO in bold</b>	On-line survey results
13. Decision	It's a little bit of first-come, first served in that when we see good	Process is
process is	opportunities that present an attractive return on the risk, we go	short and
elaborate and	after them.	informal.
formal versus	CIO has no information on whether there is an informal or	
short and	formal process - or both.	
informal.		

<b>Factor</b>		<b>On-line</b>
Description	<b>Koch statements/CIO in bold</b>	survey results
15. The	Our transaction excellence capability is the discipline that Steve's	Not reliable
organization is	talking about. We can evaluate each of these opportunities,	
planning-	whether it's a project to add on to an existing facility, an	
oriented versus	acquisition, or an equity investment. We're putting each of those	
action-oriented.	through the same rigor and analysis to determine the expected	
	risk-adjusted return.	
	Another critical dimension is to stay very rigorous in your	
	discipline. All too often, you'll hear public companies acquiring	
	business for "strategic reasons". For us, strategic should mean	
	you're creating value in society.	
	Whatever the process, it seems to be working!	

<b>Factor</b>		On-line
Description	<b>Koch statements/CIO in bold</b>	survey results
18. The	Our transaction excellence capability is the discipline that Steve's	Highly
organization has	talking about. We can evaluate each of these opportunities,	decentralized
a decentralized	whether it's a project to add on to an existing facility, an	hierarchy.
or centralized	acquisition, or an equity investment. We're putting each of those	
hierarchy.	through the same rigor and analysis to determine the expected	
	risk-adjusted return.	
	Another critical dimension is to stay very rigorous in your	
	discipline. All too often, you'll hear public companies acquiring	
	business for "strategic reasons". For us, strategic should mean	
	you're creating value in society.	
	Whatever the process, it seems to be working!	

<b>Factor</b>		<b>On-line</b>
Description	<b>Koch statements/CIO in bold</b>	survey results
20. Extent of	CIO does not have sufficient information to make comment.	Lots of staff
staff	The question refers to the use of line versus staff personnel in	involvement in
involvement (as	decision making. We surmise that there is considerable due	decisions.
opposed to line	diligence undertaken for acquisitions and considerable	
involvement) in	involvement of a range of line and staff in decision making.	
the decision		
process.		

#### **Idea generation and realization Factors**

Koch scores five out of six

**Factor** 

And finally, the **Factors which most relate to idea generation and realization**; tolerance for mavericks – F#3, tolerance for failure – F#5, tolerance for variation from a corporate norm – F#8, mechanisms in place to reward innovators – F#14, whether resources generally available for new ventures – F#19, whether the R&D budget levels are above the competition – F#23.

Description	<b>Koch statements/CIO in bold</b>	survey results
3. Management's	Insufficient information to make a comment.	A lot of
tolerance for		tolerance.
mavericks or		
not.		
Factor		On-line
Description	<b>Koch statements/CIO in bold</b>	survey results
5. Management's	Sometimes leaders have to push us out of our comfort zone in	Very high
tolerance for	order to get us to accept risk, truly innovate or seize new	tolerance for
failure or not.	opportunities. (And sometimes the leaders need to be pushed.)	failure.
	Innovation requires experimentation, and often the best	
	experiments will fail. That's not a problem if the experiments are	
	well-designed and we learn from these failures.	

**On-line** 

Factor Description  8. Corporation is tolerant towards variances from the corporate norm or not.	Koch statements/CIO in bold  If you feel uncomfortable challenging your leader in good faith, something is wrong.  Employees must challenge the status quo in order to improve processes and create value.	On-line survey results  Corporation highly tolerates differences.
Factor Description  14. The corporation has specific mechanisms available for rewarding innovation or not.	Koch statements/CIO in bold  Our incentive system is very key to unleashing those pent-up ideas and innovations. The system allows all of our employees to share in a portion of the value that they are creating. It doesn't matter what your role is—if you can find ways to help us better serve our customers so that we profit more, we want you to share in some of that profit. You are rewarded like an entrepreneur is rewarded. If you're successful at that, you'll do better and if you fail, then you won't do as well.  Entrepreneurs are rewarded by getting to keep a portion of the value they create in society. Our emphasis is on long-term value.  Koch publishes an 'awards and recognition' section on their web site.	On-line survey results  Mechanisms exist for rewarding innovation.
Factor Description  19. Resources (budget, personnel, time, etc.) are generally available for new ventures or not.	Koch statements/CIO in bold  It's a little bit of first come, first served in that when we see good opportunities that present an attractive return on the risk, then we go after them.	On-line survey results Resources are generally available.
Factor Description  23. The R&D budget is less or more than the competition.	Koch statements/CIO in bold  Innovation is what moves us into the future. If we succeed in innovating faster or better than our competitors, we grow and prosper.  A broad definition of R&D is used here – but CIO has no specific information on actual spending levels.	On-line survey results R&D spending greatly exceeds competition's spending.

# **Appendix A.**Koch Guiding Principles explained

**Integrity:** Conduct all affairs with integrity, for which courage is the foundation.

**Compliance:** Strive for 10,000% compliance with all laws and regulations, which requires 100% of employees fully complying 100% of the time. Stop, think and ask.

Value Creation; Create long-term value by the economic means for customers, the company and society. Apply MBM to achieve superior results by making better decisions, pursuing safety and environmental excellence, eliminating waste, optimizing and innovating.

**Principled Entrepreneurship**<sup>TM</sup>; Apply the judgment, responsibility, initiative, economic and critical thinking skills, and sense of urgency necessary to generate the greatest contribution, consistent with the company's risk philosophy.



**Customer Focus:** Understand and develop relationships with customers to profitably anticipate and satisfy their needs.

**Knowledge:** Seek and use the best knowledge and proactively share your knowledge while embracing a challenge process. Develop measures that lead to profitable action.

**Change**; Anticipate and embrace change. Envision what could be, challenge the status quo and drive creative destruction through experimental discovery.

**Humility**; Exemplify humility and intellectual honesty. Constantly seek to understand and constructively deal with reality to create value and achieve personal improvement. Hold yourself and others accountable.

**Respect;** Treat others with honesty, dignity, respect and sensitivity. Appreciate the value of diversity. Encourage and practice teamwork.

**Fulfillment:** Find fulfillment and meaning in your work by fully developing your capabilities to produce results that create the greatest value.